Engaging Players by Dynamically Adjusting the Difficulty

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Abstract

Video game designers constantly explore ways to enhance a video game’s experience by keeping a player engaged. Dynamic Difficulty Adjustment (DDA) and other similar systems attempt to create a unique experience by adapting the game based on player behavior. The approach was focused on changing the rate at which the game dynamically adjusts it's difficulty level. The effectiveness of this study was determined by the player’s engagement level. By keeping the game at the optimal difficulty, based on the player’s performance, the game will keep the player in the Flow.

Design

Two DDA’s were implemented into the game design in Python. The first DDA was implemented to adjust the game’s difficulty at a fixed percentage. The rate of change describes the distance the game is allowed to change from the current difficulty to the desired difficulty calculated based on the players performance. The second one uses a ratio determined by the time to determine the allowable change in difficulty.

Results

After running tests on the data I found a p value of .309. This shows there is no statistical significance between engagement levels and the DDA’s. Even though DDA 2 has a higher average engagement level there are not enough data points to correctly identify a relationship between engagement and difficulty.

Data Collection

The subjects were placed in an isolated environment and asked to play continuously for 10 minutes. After the ten minutes the subjects filled out the 19 question Game Engagement Questionnaire. These were then converted into a numerical scale for evaluation. Average game difficulty and high scores were also recorded.

Future Work

We would like to gather more test subjects to better find a trend. The next steps to be taken are expanding the amount of different rates being tested. A better way of determining a player’s current difficulty level would be needed to further the research.